

**WHITECAP DAKOTA FIRST NATION
ANNUAL EXPENDITURE LAW, 2022**

WHEREAS:

A. Pursuant to section 5 of the *First Nations Fiscal Management Act*, the council of a first nation may make laws respecting taxation for local purposes of reserve lands and interests or rights in reserve lands, including laws authorizing the expenditure of local revenues;

B. The Council of the First Nation has made a property assessment law and a property taxation law;

C. Subsection 10(2) of the *First Nations Fiscal Management Act* requires a first nation that has made a property taxation law or a law under paragraph 5(1)(a.1) to make, at least once each year, a law establishing a budget for the expenditure of revenues raised under those laws; and

D. The Council of the First Nation wishes to establish an annual budget for the expenditure of revenues raised in the current taxation year, and wishes to authorize expenditures made in accordance with section 13.1 of the Act;

NOW THEREFORE the Council of the Whitecap Dakota First Nation duly enacts as follows:

1. This Law may be cited as the *Whitecap Dakota First Nation Annual Expenditure Law, 2022*.

2. In this Law:

“Act” means the *First Nations Fiscal Management Act*, S.C. 2005, c. 9, and the regulations made under that Act;

“annual budget” means a budget setting out the projected local revenues and projected expenditures of those local revenues during a budget year, and setting out expenditures made in accordance with section 13.1 of the Act;

“Assessment Law” means the *Whitecap Dakota First Nation Property Assessment Law, 2012*;

“Council” has the meaning given to that term in the Act;

“First Nation” means the Whitecap Dakota First Nation, being a band named in the schedule to the Act;

“Law” means this annual expenditure law enacted under paragraph 5(1)(b) of the Act as required by subsection 10(2) of the Act;

“local revenues” means money raised by the First Nation under a local revenue law and payments made to a First Nation in lieu of a tax imposed by a law made under paragraph 5(1)(a) of the Act;

“property taxation law” means a law enacted by the First Nation under paragraph 5(1)(a) of the Act; and

“Taxation Law” means the *Whitecap Dakota First Nation Property Taxation Law, 2012*.

3. The First Nation’s annual budget for the budget year beginning April 1, 2022, and ending March 31, 2023, is attached as a Schedule and the expenditures provided for in the Schedule are authorized.

4. Expenditures of local revenues must be made only in accordance with the annual budget or in accordance with section 13.1 of the Act.

5. The expenditures made in the current year before this Law is enacted are included in the annual budget and are authorized by this Law.

6. Where the First Nation wishes to authorize an expenditure not authorized in this Law, or change the amount of an expenditure authorized, Council must amend this Law in accordance with Council procedure and the requirements of the Act.

7. This Law authorizes the expenditure of contingency amounts as necessary within any of the categories of expenditures set out in the Schedule.

8. Except where otherwise defined, words and expressions used in this Law have the meanings given to them in the Assessment Law and the Taxation Law.

9. Where a provision in this Law is expressed in the present tense, the provision applies to the circumstances as they arise.

10. This Law must be construed as being remedial and must be given such fair, large and liberal construction and interpretation as best ensures the attainment of its objectives.

11.(1) The Schedule attached to this Law, including any Appendices, forms part of and is an integral part of this Law.

(2) A reference to the Schedule is a reference to the Schedule to this Law.

12. This Law comes into force and effect on the day after it is approved by the First Nations Tax Commission.

THIS LAW IS HEREBY DULY ENACTED by Council on the 15th day of September, 2022, at Whitecap, in the Province of Saskatchewan.

A quorum of Council consists of two (2) members of Council.

Chief Darcy Bear

Councillor Dwayne Eagle

Councillor Frank Royal

SCHEDULE
ANNUAL BUDGET

PART 1: REVENUES

1. Property tax revenues to be collected in budget year:	
a. Property Tax Revenues	\$485,948
b. Payments received in lieu of taxes	\$1,100,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,585,948

PART 2: EXPENDITURES

1. General Government Expenditures	
a. Executive and Legislative	
b. General Administrative	\$239,089
c. Other General Government	\$7,000
2. Protection Services	
a. Policing	\$42,000
b. Firefighting	\$74,000
c. Regulatory Measures	\$6,000
d. Other Protective Services	
3. Transportation	
a. Roads and Streets	\$300,000
b. Snow and Ice Removal	
c. Parking	
d. Public Transit	
e. Other Transportation	
4. Recreation and Cultural Services	
a. Recreation	\$85,000
b. Culture	\$60,000
c. Heritage Protection	
d. Other Recreation and Culture	
5. Community Development	
a. Housing	\$277,000
b. Planning and Zoning	
c. Community Planning	
d. Economic Development Program	
e. Tourism	
f. Trade and Industry	
g. Land Rehabilitation and Beautification	
h. Other Regional Planning and Development	
6. Environment Health Services	
a. Water Purification and Supply	\$130,000
b. Sewage Collection and Disposal	\$60,000
c. Garbage Waste Collection and Disposal	\$110,000
d. Recycling	
e. Other Environmental Services	
7. Fiscal Services	

a. Long-term Borrowing Payments to the First Nations Finance Authority	
b. Interim Financing Payments to the First Nations Finance Authority	
c. Other Payments	
d. Accelerated Debt Payments	
e. Other Fiscal Services	
8. Other Services	
a. Health	\$60,000
b. Social Programs and Assistance	
c. Agriculture	
d. Education	\$120,000
e. Other Service	
9. Contingency Amount	\$15,859
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,585,948
<u>PART 3: ACCUMULATED SURPLUS/DEFICIT</u>	
1. Accumulated Surplus – revenues carried forward from the previous budget year	\$0
2. Accumulated Deficit – revenue expenditures carried forward from the previous budget year	\$0
BALANCE	\$0

Note: This Budget includes the attached Appendix.

Appendix A
Reserve Fund Balances

1. Reserve Fund Balance

Beginning balance as of April 1, 2022 :	\$185,130
Transfers out	
a. to current year's revenues:	\$
b. to _____ reserve fund as a transfer:	\$
c. moneys borrowed for another purpose:	\$
Transfers in	
a. from current year's revenues:	\$
b. from _____ reserve fund as a transfer to fund:	\$
c. borrowed moneys repaid to fund:	\$
Interest earned in current year:	\$10
Ending balance as of March 31, 2023:	\$185,140

Appendix B
Development Cost Charge Budget and Reserve Fund Balances

Revenues:

1. Development cost charge revenues to be collected in current year:	
(a) Development Levies for Transportation Facilities	\$0
(b) Development Levies for Drainage Facilities	\$0
(c) Development Levies for Providing/Improving Park/Recreation Land	\$0
(d) Development Levies for Sewage Facilities	\$0
(e) Development Levies for Water Facilities	\$0

Expenditures:

1. Development cost charge expenditures in the current year:	
(a) Transportation Facilities	\$0
(b) Drainage Facilities	\$0
(c) Providing/Improving Park/Recreation Land	\$0
(d) Sewage Facilities	\$0
(e) Water Facilities	\$0

Balance: **\$0**

B. Development Cost Charge Reserve Fund Balances

1. Transportation Facilities	
Beginning balance as of April 1, 2022:	\$76,708.63
Transfers out	
a. to current year development cost charge revenues:	\$
b. to the infrastructure development cost charge reserve fund as a transfer:	\$
c. moneys borrowed from fund for another local service purpose:	\$
Transfers in	
a. development cost charge revenues to be collected in current budget year (estimated):	\$
b. from infrastructure development cost charge reserve fund as a transfer into fund:	\$
c. borrowed moneys repaid to fund:	\$
Interest earned in current year:	\$
Ending balance as of March 31, 2023:	\$76,708.63